

Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, Connecticut, 2001

Part of body		Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
Total		9,058	8	77.4	4.9
1	Neck, Including Throat	269	5	2.3	13.4
10	Neck, except internal location of diseases or disorders	269	5	2.3	13.4
2	Trunk	6,509	6	55.6	5.1
20	Trunk, unspecified	--	--	--	--
21	Shoulder, including clavicle, scapula	799	14	6.8	8.6
22	Chest, including ribs, internal organs	157	3	1.3	17.1
220	Chest, except internal location of diseases or disorders	157	3	1.3	17.1
23	Back, including spine, spinal cord	4,714	5	40.3	5.4
230	Back, including spine, spinal cord, unspecified	1,766	6	15.1	6.6
231	Lumbar region	2,692	5	23.0	6.0
232	Thoracic region	192	2	1.6	15.6
233	Sacral region	--	--	--	--
238	Multiple back regions	58	5	0.5	27.6
239	Back, including spine, spinal cord, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
24	Abdomen	546	25	4.7	9.9
240	Abdomen, except internal location of diseases or disorders	71	3	0.6	24.9
241	Internal abdominal location, unspecified	251	25	2.1	13.8
242	Stomach organ	46	35	0.4	30.9
245	Intestines, peritoneum	178	32	1.5	16.1
2450	Intestines, peritoneum, unspecified	178	32	1.5	16.1
25	Pelvic region	154	7	1.3	17.2
251	Hip(s)	28	7	0.2	39.2
252	Pelvis	33	1	0.3	36.1
254	Groin	91	30	0.8	22.1
255	External reproductive tract structures	--	--	--	--
2550	External reproductive tract structures, unspecified	--	--	--	--
28	Multiple trunk locations	129	5	1.1	18.8
3	Upper extremities	1,367	17	11.7	7.1
31	Arm(s)	415	10	3.5	11.1
310	Arm(s), unspecified	118	4	1.0	19.5
311	Upper arm(s)	68	17	0.6	25.5
312	Elbow(s)	170	14	1.5	16.5
313	Forearm(s)	58	41	0.5	27.6
318	Multiple arm(s) locations	--	--	--	--
32	Wrist(s)	712	20	6.1	8.9
33	Hand(s), except finger(s)	69	21	0.6	25.2
34	Finger(s), fingernail(s)	66	10	0.6	25.8
38	Multiple upper extremities locations	105	6	0.9	20.7
381	Hand(s) and finger(s)	--	--	--	--
382	Hand(s) and wrist(s)	--	--	--	--
383	Hand(s) and arm(s)	--	--	--	--
389	Multiple upper extremities locations, n.e.c.	70	5	0.6	25.1
4	Lower extremities	546	15	4.7	9.9
41	Leg(s)	431	18	3.7	10.9
410	Leg(s), unspecified	35	79	0.3	35.4
411	Thigh(s)	13	5	0.1	57.3
412	Knee(s)	372	20	3.2	11.6
413	Lower leg(s)	--	--	--	--
418	Multiple leg(s) locations	--	--	--	--
42	Ankle(s)	66	4	0.6	25.9

Table 2. Number, median days, incidence rate¹ and relative standard errors of nonfatal occupational injuries and illnesses with days away from work² involving musculoskeletal disorders³ by selected parts of body, Connecticut, 2001

Part of body		Number	Median days away from work	Incidence rate	Relative standard error
43	Foot(feet), except toe(s)	31	7	0.3	37.6
430	Foot(feet), except toe(s), unspecified	31	7	0.3	37.6
48	Multiple lower extremities locations	19	104	0.2	47.6
489	Multiple lower extremities locations, n.e.c.	19	104	0.2	47.6
8	Multiple Body Parts	356	6	3.0	11.8
9	Other Body Parts	--	--	--	--
99	Other body parts, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
999	Other body parts, n.e.c.	--	--	--	--
9999	Nonclassifiable	--	--	--	--

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

² Days away from work include those which result in days away from work with or without restricted work activity.

³ Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, August 04, 2003